PRINCIPAL PARTS OF GREEK VERBS in CORE VOCABULARY STEMS ENDING in DENTALS

Paradigm for principal parts of Greek verbs:

Present	Future	Aorist	Perfect Active	Perfect Middle	Aorist Passive	Meaning
		augment	reduplication	reduplication	augment	
$\underline{\text{stem}} + \boldsymbol{\omega}$	$\underline{\text{stem}} + \sigma \omega$	$+ \underline{stem} + \sigma \alpha$	$+ \underline{\text{stem}} + \kappa \alpha$	$+ \underline{stem} + \mu \alpha i$	+ <u>stem</u> + θην	
<u>λύ</u> ω	<u>λύ</u> σω	ἔ <u>λυ</u> σα	λέ <u>λυ</u> κα	λέ <u>λυ</u> μαι	ἐ <u>λύ</u> θην	loosen

Verbs whose stems end in dentals have present stems which end in δ , ζ , θ , or σ .

The stems of these verbs go through a fairly predictable set of changes:

 $+ \sigma \rightarrow \sigma$, therefore $-\sigma$ - in future and a orist

but -ίζω → ιέω → ιῶ in "Attic future"

 $+ \kappa \rightarrow \kappa$, therefore $-\kappa$ - in perfect active

+ $\mu \rightarrow \sigma \mu$, therefore - $\sigma \mu$ - in perfect middle

 $+\theta \rightarrow \sigma\theta$, therefore $-\sigma\theta$ - in a orist passive

Example: δικάζω, δικάσω, έδίκασα, δεδίκακα, δεδίκασμαι, έδικάσθην

Vowels:

augmented, lengthened or reduplicated: α or $\varepsilon \rightarrow \eta$ (except after ε , ι , ρ , where $\alpha \rightarrow \bar{\alpha}$) $\circ \rightarrow \omega$

Consonants:

reduplicated:

 $\phi \rightarrow \pi \epsilon \phi -$ $\chi \rightarrow \kappa \epsilon \chi -$ $\theta \rightarrow \tau \epsilon \theta -$ $\sigma \rightarrow \dot{\epsilon} \sigma -$

Regular verbs. Not all verbs are attested in all tenses, moods, and voices, but the following verbs normally form their stems regularly: ἀγωνίζομαι (contend for a prize), ἀθροίζω (muster), ἀναγκάζω (force, compel), ἁρμόζω/ἁρμόττω (join), ἁρπάζω (snatch), βιάζω/βιάω (force, compel), δικάζω (judge), ἐλπίζω (hope for), ἐξετάζω (examine), θαυμάζω (be in awe), κολάζω (punish), κομίζω (bring), λογίζομαι (calculate), νομίζω (consider), ὀνομάζω (call by name), ὀργίζω (make angry), πειράζω (test), σκευάζω (prepare), σπεύδω (hurry), σφάζω (kill), ὑβρίζω (insult, offend, disrespect), φράζω (tell), φροντίζω (think), ψεύδω (lie, cheat), ψηφίζω (vote).

Verbs with stems which violate the above rules are listed below, with the irregular part(s) underlined. While many verbs lack one or more principal parts, or are simply not attested in some forms, lack of a particular part does not in itself constitute a violation. A verb must display an irregular formation to be listed here. Most irregularities involve changes in the vowels in the stem.

Present	Future	Aorist	Perfect Active	Perfect Middle	Aorist Passive	Meaning		
ထိုလ်	<u>ἄσομαι</u>	ἦσα		ἦσμαι	ἤσθην	sing		
άρέσκω	άρέσω	ήρεσα			ἠρέσθην	please		
δείδω	<u>δείσομαι</u>	ἔδεισα	<u>δέδοικα</u> or <u>δίδια</u>	<u>x</u>		fear		
မီဗိယ			<u>εἴωθα</u>			be accustomed		
εἴδομαι	εἴσομαι	<u>εἶδον</u>	<u>οἶδα</u>			see/know		
appear	will know	saw	know					
ἐργάζομαι	ἐργάσομαι	<u>εἰργασάμην</u>		<u>εἰργάσμαι</u>	<u>εἰργάσθμην</u>	work		
ἐσθίω (see mixed stem verbs)								
<u> ήδομαι</u>	<u> ἡσθήσομαι</u>				<u> ήσθην</u>	rejoice		
λανθάνω	λήσω	<u>ἔλαθον</u>	<u>λέληθα</u>	λέλησμαι		do without being noticed		
μανθάνω	<u>μαθήσομαι</u>	ἔμαθον	μεμάθηκα			learn		
πάσσω	πάσω	ἔπασα		πέπασμαι	ἐπάσθην	sprinkle		
πείθω	πείσω	ἔπεισα	πέπεικα	πέπεισμαι	ἐπείσθην	persuade		
			<u>πέποιθα</u>					
πέρθω	πέρσω	<u>ἔπραθον</u>				destroy		
<u>πίπτω</u>	πεσοῦμαι	ἔπεσον	<u>πέπτωκα</u>			fall		
<u>πυνθάνομαι</u>	πεύσομαι	ἐπυθόμην		πέπυσμαι		ascertain		
σπουδάζω	σπουδάσομαι	έσπούδασα	ἐσπούδακα	έσπούδασμαι	ἐσπουδάσθην	hurry		
σώζω, σφζω	σώσω	ἔσωσα	<u>σέσωκα</u>	σέσωσμαι	έσώθην	save		
τίκτω (see pala								